Cluster One: Varied attitudes about facing the final journey

- Dylan Thomas, "Do Not Go Gentle into That Good Night," pp. 1093-94;
- Emily Dickinson, "Because I could not stop for Death," pp. 1095-96

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Criteria		Ratings					
Originality/Appropriatemess	10.0 to >8.53 pts Corresponds to an "A" Topic clearly stated - Style and language appropriate for purpose. Strong original thesis and essay structure.	8.53 to >7.53 pts Corresponds to an " Topic generally state - Style and language appropriate for purpose. Adequate originality of thesis and structure.	'8" ed e	7.53 to >6.0 pts Corresponds to a "C" Vague use of topic - Some style and language inappropriate for ourpose. Little originality of thesis.	6.0 to >0.0 pts Corresponds to a "D" Indefinite topic – Little or no idea of purpose. No originality and little reader interest development.	course or No	10.0 p
Unity and Focus	10.0 to >8.56 pts Corresponds to an "A" Strong focus - Central idea is clearly stated near beginning and maintained throughout essay	8.56 to >7.52 pts Corresponds to a "B" Generally clear focus - Central ide is stated near beginning - few unrelated details	a C	2.52 to >6.0 pts corresponds to a corresponds to a corresponds to a correspond to a corresponds to a corresp	6.0 to >0.0 pts Corresponds to a "D" Little or no focus - No central idea - Little or no support - Random use of details-	0.0 pts No Marks Unacceptable Submission for this level course or No Submission	10.0 pts
Development	25.0 to >21.3 pts Corresponds to an "A" Significant topic - Outstanding examples - Vivid, concrete details - Ample support of idea with details,	Corresponds to a "B" We Appropriate topic - Acceptable Mo discussion details Exa		o >15.0 pts sponds to a "C" or general topic - ew examples - y general details - ole and or claims in need support to	15.0 to >0.0 pts Corresponds to a "D" Inadequate topic - Unsupported examples - Vague or random details - Little or no support.	0.0 pts No Marks Unacceptable Submission for this level course or No Submission	25.0 pts
Organization PHIL_1301_Quizzdocx	15.0 to >12.78 pts Corresponds to a "A" Effective paragraphing - number of paragraphs appropriate - Strong	12.78 to >11.28 pt Corresponds to an Acceptable paragraphing - Nur of paragraphs need	*B*	11.28 to >9.0 pts Corresponds to a "C" Organization need work -	Corresponds to a "D" s Non-fluent -	0.0 pts No Marks Unacceptable Submission for this level	

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Critical Questions for Evaluating Poetry

- 1. Can you paraphrase the poem?
- 2. Who is the speaker in the poem? How would you describe this persona?
- 3. What is the speaker's tone? [Tone is the speaker's attitude toward his subject, his audience, or himself. It is the emotional coloring of the work.] Which words reveal this tone? Is the poem perhaps ironic?
- 4. What heavily connotative words are used? What words have unusual or special meanings? Are any words or phrases repeated? If so, why? Which words do you need to look up?
- 5. What images does the poet use? [Imagery may be defined as the representation through the language of sense experience. This is not limited to visual imagery; may be a sound, a smell, a taste, a tactile sensation, an internal sensation like hunger or thirst, or external sensation like movement.] How do the images relate to one another? Do these images form a unified pattern (a motif) throughout the poem?
 - 6. What figures of speech are used? [Figure of Speech is any way of saying something other than the ordinary way. Figurative language is language using figures of speech. Examples of figures of speech are: Metaphors and Similes; Synecdoche (the use of the part for the whole); Metonymy (the use of something closely related for the thing actually meant); Paradox is an apparent contradiction that is nevertheless somehow true; Overstatement or hyperbole is simply exaggeration but exaggeration in the service of truth; Understatement is saying less than one means; Irony or verbal irony is saying the opposite of what one

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- Are there any symbols? [A Symbol is something that means more than it is.] 7. What do the symbols mean? Are they universal symbols, or do they arise from the particular context of the poem? [Note: Image, Metaphor and Symbol shade into each other and are sometimes difficult to distinguish. In general, however, an image means only what it is; a metaphor means something more than what it is; and a symbol means what is it and something more.]
 - Is the occasion for or the setting of the poem important in understanding its 8. meaning? If so, why?
 - 9. What is the theme (central idea) of the poem? Can you state it in a single sentence?
 - 10. How important is the role of sound effects, such as rhyme and rhythm? How do they affect the tone and the meaning? Can you identify the rhythm and the meter?
 - 11. How important is the contribution of form, such as rhyme scheme and line arrangement? How does form influence the overall effect of the poem?